LASIK and the Economy: Where Have We Been, and Where Are We Going?

Even with LASIK volumes expected to recover, surgeons still face challenges ahead.

BY PARAG A. MAJMUDAR, MD

The LASIK industry has certainly experienced highs and lows during the past decade. In 2000, according to Market Scope (St. Louis, MO), procedural volume was at an all time high of 1,427,700 procedures, but it has since declined significantly. In 2008, the industry took a hit with the FDA investigational hearings, and after the economic shakeup of 2008 and 2009, the industry reached a decade-long low for procedural volume in 2009 at 759,000 procedures. About the only good news is that LASIK volume has nowhere to go but up!

MARKET FORCES WORKING CORRECTLY

Most Americans know several people who have had great success with laser vision correction. Political leaders including former President George W. Bush have referred to the LASIK industry as a model of how market forces can work correctly in health care economics. With such positive buzz, an economy slowly returning to life, and consumers’ rising confidence, LASIK volumes are expected to recover from being down 25.9% across the country in 2009 compared with 2008. As the economy continues to improve, Market Scope estimates volumes in 2010 will climb to 850,000 procedures. Despite the expected rebound, many challenges face refractive surgery practices in 2010, such as incorporating expensive, new technology and developing cost-effective options for how patients locate and choose their practice and surgeon.

Many factors, including local and national market forces, govern the economics of LASIK as an elective surgical procedure. For a time, competition from discount LASIK providers drove down the price of the procedure. However, with the widespread adoption and implementation of advanced technologies like wavefront-guided and bladeless LASIK, the overall cost of laser vision correction has risen consistently for the industry during the past several years.

It is a common goal among ophthalmic practices to increase refractive volumes and market share. One way to achieve this is to capture patients who might otherwise never approach a practice’s doorstep. In today’s economic climate, patients are seeking preferred pricing for LASIK through their employer’s and insurance carrier’s value-added programs. Recent trends have shown that a growing number of patients are using these alternative avenues to locate LASIK surgeons. One solution to combat declining LASIK volumes is to become a provider for value-added programs.

In the past, some practices have attempted to target the LASIK consumer who is looking for a lower price point by offering tiered pricing. One major disadvantage of this approach is the possibility of cannibalizing existing patients who might have otherwise paid a higher price for LASIK. Practices can, however, discreetly offer a lower price point by joining a national LASIK program that offers preferred pricing.

AN ALTERNATIVE OPTION

Accessing Health Plan Groups

Founded 6 years ago, QualSight, Inc. (Chicago, IL), is an organization that contracts with health plan spon-
Call Trending in This Economy

What can we expect in terms of LASIK volumes in 2010?

BY BILL MERCIER

Based on calling trends for LASIK, 2007 was a strong year for phone calls about refractive surgery by new patients. At that time, simple marketing messages like “call for your free DVD” or “call now to schedule a free consultation” got patients into practices. Phones were ringing, and patients were ready to book appointments. All that refractive surgeons had to do was let patients know they were available to treat them. This piece takes a look back at calling trends during the last few years and then focuses on what we can expect for the rest of 2010.

YEAR OF THE FDA REPORT: 2008

In May 2008, the FDA released its 10-year LASIK follow-up report.1 The media was quick to focus on the negative outcomes mentioned in the report while neglecting to report on the fantastic results that the majority of the population had. Many practitioners believe that this is the point when patients’ interest in LASIK began to wane. At the same time, other major economic changes had a much bigger effect on the refractive surgery market. When the housing and credit bubble burst, the effects were felt throughout the financial system and ultimately infected the entire economy. Gas prices soared. Discretionary funds dried up, and people with cash in the bank were keeping it there. The slowest call volume that my center (we currently handle calls for more than 70 practices throughout the spring and summer months. Our highest call volume in 2009 occurred from September through December. In December alone, the number of calls was 29% higher than in January 2009. Why the difference? Some practices started to market themselves again. I heard many practitioners complain that their volume of refractive patients was down. Have these patients gone away? No, they may simply have left that particular provider. Chances are, they went elsewhere!

Practitioners must understand that the desire to make immediate cuts in their budgets to improve the bottom line comes at a cost. Their practices may not feel the effects today, but they definitely will in a few months. John DiJulius, recent ASCRS keynote speaker on the topic of customer service, stated it perfectly in a recent newsletter: “We live in an ‘instant’ society that demands immediate results. Marketing, sales promotion, and cutting expenses provide immediate results that executives can see. However, many times those things do not have a lasting positive business impact.”2

WHAT TO EXPECT IN 2010

Where is LASIK going in 2010? The call-volume numbers are strong so far this year—even more so for those practices that are advertising. Plenty of patients are willing to pay for quality services. Practitioners that take their destiny into their own hands and start reaching out to patients through advertising will find them. Today’s marketing messages must have a strong call to action. Practices also must spend more time and resources in the areas of customer service and phone support. (for more information on this topic, see this month’s Premium Practice Today section on page 61). Based on my center’s experience monitoring refractive calls for practices, the average practice loses up to 30% of potential revenue due to poorly answered phone calls, automated systems, and voicemail answering. If practices are going to spend any money at all on marketing, their phones must be answered properly.

One final thought: With cuts in reimbursement for managed care patients, many practices are scrambling to find ways to make up the revenue that they are losing. Although managed care patients are the bread and butter of many practices, the elective patient is a much more profitable target and, in most cases, requires a lot less work.

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An Additional Source of Procedures and Revenue

QualSight, Inc., does not aim to be the main source of patients for a LASIK practice. Rather, the plan is designed to serve as a value-added revenue program by giving each practice the ability to generate incremental revenue without incurring additional advertising or marketing costs or the cost of patient financing. Furthermore, the company’s clients are plan sponsors, which will enable participating practices to have access to patients whom they normally would not otherwise see. Often, QualSight, Inc.’s patients have said it was worth driving many miles in order to have access to the network of doctors offering such substantial savings by their trusted plan sponsor.

Another goal of the program is to create value for practices. To that end, the company operates an open-network policy but limits the active recruitment of new providers in each patient demographic location to prevent oversaturation of the market. The program’s providers have the opportunity to generate additional revenue with procedures and services such as customized and bladeless LASIK and PRK and by offering lifetime assurance plans. The organization establishes the fees for each of these procedures and takes into consideration the additional revenue the patient will provide to its participating providers. Further revenue may be generated from word-of-mouth referrals by the family and friends of patients of QualSight, Inc., who do not have the plan and therefore pay a higher price for services.

Managing Patients

A member calls a dedicated toll-free number, and a care manager for the plan answers the person’s questions. The care manager verifies the patient’s eligibility and prescreens him or her for contraindications. The practice does not take the initial call or have its name published, which reduces its exposure as a preferred pricing provider. The member then selects a local, URAC-credentialed doctor from the participating network, and the care manager will make a three-way call to the selected practice to schedule the initial LASIK consultation. QualSight, Inc., collects a refundable deposit from the member to ensure a sincere and motivated candidate. If necessary, the organization also arranges for financing and absorbs the fees. Members who have medical conditions that preclude them from undergoing LASIK are referred to participating providers to receive appropriate medical care. This referral can help participating practices to generate revenue from non-LASIK patients.

**A COST-EFFECTIVE WAY TO COMPETE**

In the future, only those practices that maintain a significant and regular volume of LASIK patients will survive. Some surgeons who occasionally performed LASIK have all but stopped providing the procedure, probably as a consequence of not securing a consistent flow of patients, price-related competition, and the cost of new technology. Private surgeons may not be able to contend with the deep pockets of corporate centers and other aggressive marketing tactics, but that does not mean that they have to settle for reduced volumes or sacrifice serving patients who are looking for the best value.

Participating in a provider network such as QualSight, Inc., is a cost-effective way for a practice to expand without incurring additional advertising, marketing, and financing costs or using the staff’s time to take calls. In addition, participation can help keep practices’ appointment books full by drawing from a patient base that might otherwise be lured by discount pricing.

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